1	2	3	4	5	6
6	Himachal Pradesh	0·70	16·67	—	—
7	Jammu & Kashmir	—	21·92	—	—
8	Karnataka	5·00	—	—	—
9	Kerala	—	26·67	—	—
10	Madhya Pradesh	22·70	7·58	6·28	—
11	Maharashtra	95·76	6·00	12·29	—
12	Manipur	0·76	1·96	—	—
13	Meghalaya	0·17	1·92	—	—
14	Orissa	—	8·84†	—	—
15	Punjab	—	18·08	—	—
16	Rajasthan	141·45	8·76	12·07	—
17	Sikkim	—	0·99	—	—
18	Tripura	0·68	1·14	—	—
19	Tamil Nadu	31·77	—	—	—
20	*Uttar Pradesh*	*10·88*	*67·62*	—	—
21	West Bengal	—	35·38	—	1·75
	TOTAL :	557·83	430·92	55·83	1·75
22	Delhi	—	0·10	—	—
23	Mizoram	—	1·04	—	—
24	Pondicherry	0·06	0·35	—	—
	TOTAL :	557·89	432·41	55·83	1·75

†Includes Rs. 1·60 crores for 1985-86.

Demand for Sugar Zone in Maharashtra

480. SHRI SURESH KALMADI: Will the Minister of FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to refer to reply to Starred Question 358 given in the Rajya Sabha on 16th August 1985 and state what decision has been taken on the representation of Maharashtra Government to divide the State into three zones for the purpose of levy sugar?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): Maharashtra has been bifurcated into South Maharashtra and North Maharashtra and separate levy prices fixed for each in the Levy Price Order issued by the Department of Food on 12.12.1986 for 1986-87.